

5 / Braids, skirts and cannons



Crónicas de una generación trágica

Maria Helena Doering, Angie Cepeda, Inés Prieto y Saskia Loockkatt interpretan a Magdalena Ortega de Nariño, Merceditas Nariño, mujer del pueblo y Barbarita Forero en la noche del 20 de julio. • Víki Ospina • 1993 • Fotografía • Museo Nacional de Colombia



Women called "Juanas" were mostly rural and they marched next to their sons, husbands and relatives belonging to the patriot armies. Even though female concurrence to the army had been forbidden, they continued to serve out their own will in the battlefield as fighters, nurses, cooks and messengers, many of them perishing in the war as well.

Batalla de Calibío • José María Espinosa • ca. 1845 • Óleo sobre tela • Museo de la Independencia - Casa del Florero (detalle)

Batalla de los ejidos de Pasto • José María Espinosa • ca. 1850 • Óleo sobre tela • Museo Nacional de Colombia (detalle)

Some heroine from our Independence

MERCEDES ABREGO DE REYES	Cúcuta	Executed in 1813
ANTONIA SANTOS	Socorro	Shot in 1819
EUGENIA RAZOLA	Turbaco	Executed in 1815
LUISA GÓNGORA	Pasto	Killed in 1812
MARÍA IGNACIA VÁSQUEZ	Mompox	Killed with her daughters in 1817
ROSAURA RIVERA	Neiva	Executed in 1816
REMIGIA CUESTA	Boyacá	Shot in 1817



La Pola

Policarpa Salavarrieta
marcha al suplicio
• ca. 1825 • Óleo
sobre tela • Museo
Nacional de Colombia

Policarpa Salavarrieta
Sacrificada p. los espa-
ñoles en esta plaza el
el 14 de Nov. de 1817.
su memoria eternice
entre nozobros y q. su
fama rresuene de polo
á polo !!!

Policarpa Salavarrieta is the martyr heroine that has earned the most protagonism after her being executed in Santafé in 1817. Manuela Sáenz, the Liberator's liberator is recognized in Ecuador as a heroine and revolutionary; still, the history that is narrated in Colombia emphasizes the intimate relationship that she kept with Bolívar, and how she saved his life the night of the conspiracy the 25th of November 1828.

Giraldo protagonizó Policarpa Salavarrieta para la serie *Revivamos nuestra historia*
• Manuel Moreno • 1982 • Fotografía
• Colección Natalia Giraldo



Manuela Sáenz

José María Espinosa • ca. 1828
• Miniatura sobre marfil •
Museo de la Independencia-
Casa del Florero



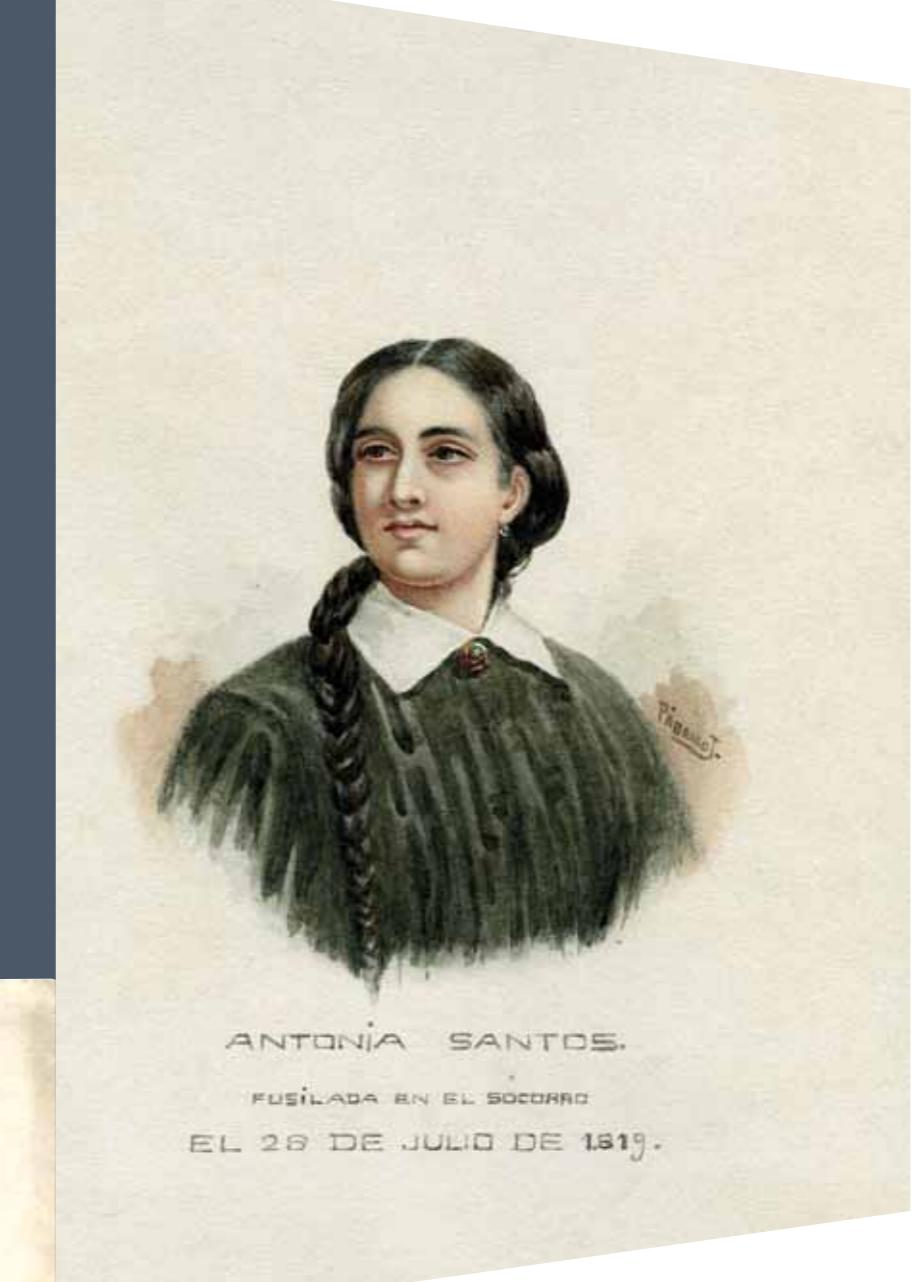
FEMALE PARTICIPATION IN THE INDEPENDENCE WAR WAS CRUCIAL AS

they were protectors, collaborators and even members of the patriotic guerrillas they served on the liberator army as informants and accompanied their loved ones in the battlefield. Nonetheless, they are only marginally mentioned in history.

Heroine from the regions

Women like María Águeda Gallardo and Concepción Loperena de Fernández de Castro had an important participation in the Pamplona and Valledupar meetings, respectively. Also, Carmen and Juana Rodríguez helped the patriots with weapons, money and clothing in Cundinamarca and actively propagated the revolutionary ideas. Many of them were executed during the first confrontations and the "regime of terror" imposed by Spanish General Pablo Morillo. His memory has been discreetly constructed through some portraits and stories.

What public ideas do today's women spread?



Antonia Santos

Roberto Páramo
• ca. 1910 •
Acuarela sobre
papel • Museo de
la Independencia-
Casa del Florero



Commemorative theater
scheme for the first anniversary
of the sacrifice of Policarpa
Salavarrieta.

1917 • Teatro Colón • Impreso por Arboleda &
Valencia Editores • Museo Nacional de Colombia